Grade	Topic	Outcome (DCI)	Benchmark	Standard ID
К	Earth and Space Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs.	K-ESS2-2
K	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.	K-ESS3-2
K	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	K-ESS2-1
K	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls	Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.	K-PS2-2
K	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls	Plan and conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	K-PS2-1
K	Physical Sciences	Weather and Climate	Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.	K-PS3-2
K	Physical Sciences	Weather and Climate	Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.	K-PS3-1
K-2	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	K-2-ETS1-3
K-2	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	K-2-ETS1-2
K-2	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	K-2-ETS1-1
1	Earth and Space Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.	K-ESS3-3

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1	Earth and Space Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants or animals (including humans) and the places they live.	K-ESS3-1
1	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles	Make observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year.	1-ESS1-2
1	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles	Use observations of the sun, moon, and stars to describe patterns that can be predicted.	1-ESS1-1
1	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment	Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	K-LS1-1
1	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	1-LS3-1
1	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.	1-LS1-2
1	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	1-LS1-1
1	Physical Sciences	Waves: Light and Sound	Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.	1-PS4-4
1	Physical Sciences	Waves: Light and Sound	Plan and conduct an investigation to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.	1-PS4-3
1	Physical Sciences	Waves: Light and Sound	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects can be seen only when illuminated.	1-PS4-2
1	Physical Sciences	Waves: Light and Sound	Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.	1-PS4-1
2	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Obtain information to identify where water is found on Earth and that it can be solid or liquid.	2-ESS2-3
2	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.	2-ESS2-2

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2	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Compare multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.	2-ESS2-1
2	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.	2-ESS1-1
2	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	2-LS4-1
2	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.	2-LS2-2
2	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Plan and conduct an investigation to determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.	2-LS2-1
2	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.	2-PS1-4
2	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.	2-PS1-3
2	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.	2-PS1-2
2	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.	2-PS1-1
3	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Make a claim about the merit of a design solution that reduces the impacts of a weather-related hazard.	3-ESS3-1
3	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Obtain and combine information to describe climates in different regions of the world.	3-ESS2-2
3	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Represent data in tables and graphical displays to describe typical weather conditions expected during a particular season.	3-ESS2-1
3	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits	Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.	3-LS4-2
3	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits	Use evidence to support the explanation that traits can be influenced by the environment.	3-LS3-2

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3	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence that plants and animals have traits inherited from parents and that variation of these traits exists in a group of similar organisms.	3-LS3-1
3	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits: Life Cycles and Traits	Develop models to describe that organisms have unique and diverse life cycles but all have in common birth, growth, reproduction, and death.	3-LS1-1
3	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals that live there may change.	3-LS4-4
3	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Construct an argument with evidence that in a particular habitat some organisms can survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all.	3-LS4-3
3	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Analyze and interpret data from fossils to provide evidence of the organisms and the environments in which they lived long ago. Examples of data could include type, size, and distributions of fossil organisms.	3-LS4-1
3	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Construct an argument that some animals form groups that help members survive.	3-LS2-1
3	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Define a simple design problem that can be solved by applying scientific ideas about magnets.	3-PS2-4
3	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Ask questions to determine cause and effect relationships of electric or magnetic interactions between two objects not in contact with each other.	3-PS2-3
3	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Make observations and/or measurements of an object's motion to provide evidence that a pattern can be used to predict future motion.	3-PS2-2
3	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence of the effects of balanced and unbalanced forces on the motion of an object.	3-PS2-1
3-5	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.	3-5-ETS1-3
3-5	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.	3-5-ETS1-2
3-5	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.	3-5-ETS1-1

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4	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Generate and compare multiple solutions to reduce the impacts of natural Earth processes on humans.	4-ESS3-2
4	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Analyze and interpret data from maps to describe patterns of Earth's features. Maps can include topographic maps of Earth's land and ocean floor, as well as maps of the locations of mountains, continental boundaries, volcanoes, and earthquakes.	4-ESS2-2
4	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Make observations and/or measurements to provide evidence of the effects of weathering or the rate of erosion by water, ice, wind, or vegetation.	4-ESS2-1
4	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems: Processes that Shape the Earth	Identify evidence from patterns in rock formations and fossils in rock layers to support an explanation for changes in a landscape over time.	4-ESS1-1
4	Earth and Space Sciences	Energy	Obtain and combine information to describe that energy and fuels are derived from natural resources and their uses affect the environment.	4-ESS3-1
4	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Use a model to describe that animals' receive different types of information through their senses, process the information in their brain, and respond to the information in different ways.	4-LS1-2
4	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Construct an argument that plants and animals have internal and external structures that function to support survival, growth, behavior, and reproduction.	4-LS1-1
4	Physical Sciences	Energy	Apply scientific ideas to design, test, and refine a device that converts energy from one form to another.	4-PS3-4
4	Physical Sciences	Energy	Ask questions and predict outcomes about the changes in energy that occur when objects collide.	4-PS3-3
4	Physical Sciences	Energy	Make observations to provide evidence that energy can be transferred from place to place by sound, light, heat, and electric currents.	4-PS3-2
4	Physical Sciences	Energy	Use evidence to construct an explanation relating the speed of an object to the energy of that object.	4-PS3-1
4	Physical Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Develop a model to describe that light reflecting from objects and entering the eye allows objects to be seen.	4-PS4-2
4	Physical Sciences	Waves: Waves and Information	Generate and compare multiple solutions that use patterns to transfer information.	4-PS4-3
4	Physical Sciences	Waves: Waves and Information	Develop a model of waves to describe patterns in terms of amplitude and wavelength and that waves can cause objects to move.	4-PS4-1
5	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.	5-ESS3-1

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5	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Describe and graph the amounts and percentages of water and fresh water in various reservoirs to provide evidence about the distribution of water on Earth.	5-ESS2-2
5	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Develop a model using an example to describe ways the geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and/or atmosphere interact.	5-ESS2-1
5	Earth and Space Sciences		Represent data in graphical displays to reveal patterns of daily changes in length and direction of shadows, day and night, and the seasonal appearance of some stars in the night sky.	5-ESS1-2
5	Earth and Space Sciences		Support an argument that differences in the apparent brightness of the sun compared to other stars is due to their relative distances from Earth.	5-ESS1-1
5	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Develop a model to describe the movement of matter among plants, animals, decomposers, and the environment.	5-LS2-1
5	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.	5-LS1-1
5	Physical Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Use models to describe that energy in animals' food (used for body repair, growth, motion, and to maintain body warmth) was once energy from the sun.	5-PS3-1
5	Physical Sciences		Support an argument that the gravitational force exerted by Earth on objects is directed down. Down is a local description of the direction that points toward the center of the spherical Earth.	5-PS2-1
5	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Conduct an investigation to determine whether the mixing of two or more substances results in new substances.	5-PS1-4
5	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Make observations and measurements to identify materials based on their properties.	5-PS1-3
5	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Measure and graph quantities to provide evidence that regardless of the type of change that occurs when heating, cooling, or mixing substances, the total weight of matter is conserved.	5-PS1-2
5	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Develop a model to describe that matter is made of particles too small to be seen.	5-PS1-1
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes.	MS-ESS3-1
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Develop a model to describe the cycling of water through Earth's systems driven by energy from the sun and the force of gravity.	MS-ESS2-4

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6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.	MS-ESS2-1
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.	MS-ESS2-3
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales.	MS-ESS2-2
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history.	MS-ESS1-4
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.	MS-ESS3-4
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.	MS-ESS3-3
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects.	MS-ESS3-2
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system.	MS-ESS1-3
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system.	MS-ESS1-2
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun-moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons.	MS-ESS1-1
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.	MS-ESS3-5
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Develop and use a model to describe how unequal heating and rotation of the Earth cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic circulation that determine regional climates.	MS-ESS2-6
6-8	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Collect data to provide evidence for how the motions and complex interactions of air masses results in changes in weather conditions.	MS-ESS2-5

Grade	Topic	Outcome (DCI)	Benchmark	Standard ID
6-8	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.	MS-ETS1-4
6-8	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.	MS-ETS1-3
6-8	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.	MS-ETS1-2
6-8	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.	MS-ETS1-1
6-8	Life Sciences	Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms	Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.	MS-LS4-5
6-8	Life Sciences	Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms	Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.	MS-LS3-2
6-8	Life Sciences	Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms	Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.	MS-LS3-1
6-8	Life Sciences	Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms.	MS-LS1-5
6-8	Life Sciences	Growth, Development, and Reproduction of Organisms	Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants respectively.	MS-LS1-4

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6-8	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.	MS-LS2-5
6-8	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems. Emphasis is on predicting consistent patterns of interactions in different ecosystems in terms of the relationships among and between organisms and abiotic components of ecosystems.	MS-LS2-2
6-8	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations.	MS-LS2-4
6-8	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.	MS-LS2-3
6-8	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.	MS-LS2-1
6-8	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.	MS-LS1-7
6-8	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.	MS-LS1-6
6-8	Life Sciences		Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.	MS-LS4-6
6-8	Life Sciences		Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.	MS-LS4-4
6-8	Life Sciences		Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.	MS-LS4-3
6-8	Life Sciences		Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.	MS-LS4-2
6-8	Life Sciences		Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.	MS-LS4-1
6-8	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.	MS-LS1-8
6-8	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.	MS-LS1-3

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6-8	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Develop and use a model to describe the function of a cell as a whole and ways parts of cells contribute to the function.	MS-LS1-2
6-8	Life Sciences	Structure, Function, and Information Processing	Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells, either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.	MS-LS1-1
6-8	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Undertake a design project to construct, test, and modify a device that either releases or absorbs thermal energy by chemical processes.	MS-PS1-6
6-8	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Develop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved.	MS-PS1-5
6-8	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after the substances interact to determine if a chemical reaction has occurred. Examples of reactions could include burning sugar or steel wool, fat reacting with sodium hydroxide, and mixing zinc with HCl.	MS-PS1-2
6-8	Physical Sciences	Energy	Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object.	MS-PS3-5
6-8	Physical Sciences	Energy	Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample.	MS-PS3-4
6-8	Physical Sciences	Energy	Apply scientific principles to design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer.	MS-PS3-3
6-8	Physical Sciences	Energy	Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.	MS-PS3-2
6-8	Physical Sciences	Energy	Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.	MS-PS3-1
6-8	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.	MS-PS2-5
6-8	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects.	MS-PS2-4
6-8	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.	MS-PS2-3
6-8	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.	MS-PS2-2
6-8	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects.	MS-PS2-1
6-8	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed.	MS-PS1-4
6-8	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society.	MS-PS1-3

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6-8	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and extended structures. Emphasis is on developing models of molecules that vary in complexity.	MS-PS1-1
6-8	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.	MS-PS4-3
6-8	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Develop and use a model to describe that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials.	MS-PS4-2
6-8	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave.	MS-PS4-1
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Construct an argument based on evidence about the simultaneous coevolution of Earth's systems and life on Earth.	HS-ESS2-7
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Develop a quantitative model to describe the cycling of carbon among the hydrosphere, atmosphere, geosphere, and biosphere.	HS-ESS2-6
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Plan and conduct an investigation of the properties of water and its effects on Earth materials and surface processes.	HS-ESS2-5
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Develop a model based on evidence of Earth's interior to describe the cycling of matter by thermal convection.	HS-ESS2-3
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Earth's Systems	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth systems.	HS-ESS2-2
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Develop a model to illustrate how Earth's internal and surface processes operate at different spatial and temporal scales to form continental and ocean-floor features.	HS-ESS2-1
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Apply scientific reasoning and evidence from ancient Earth materials, meteorites, and other planetary surfaces to construct an account of Earth's formation and early history.	HS-ESS1-6
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	History of Earth	Evaluate evidence of the past and current movements of continental and oceanic crust and the theory of plate tectonics to explain the ages of crustal rocks.	HS-ESS1-5
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Use a computational representation to illustrate the relationships among Earth systems and how those relationships are being modified due to human activity.	HS-ESS3-6

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9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on natural systems.	HS-ESS3-4
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Create a computational simulation to illustrate the relationships among management of natural resources, the sustainability of human populations, and biodiversity.	HS-ESS3-3
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Evaluate competing design solutions for developing, managing, and utilizing energy and mineral resources based on cost-benefit ratios.	HS-ESS3-2
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Human Impacts	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the availability of natural resources, occurrence of natural hazards, and changes in climate have influenced human activity.	HS-ESS3-1
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Use mathematical or computational representations to predict the motion of orbiting objects in the solar system.	HS-ESS1-4
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Communicate scientific ideas about the way stars, over their life cycle, produce elements.	HS-ESS1-3
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Construct an explanation of the Big Bang theory based on astronomical evidence of light spectra, motion of distant galaxies, and composition of matter in the universe.	HS-ESS1-2
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Space Systems	Develop a model based on evidence to illustrate the life span of the sun and the role of nuclear fusion in the sun's core to release energy that eventually reaches Earth in the form of radiation.	HS-ESS1-1
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Analyze geoscience data and the results from global climate models to make an evidence-based forecast of the current rate of global or regional climate change and associated future impacts to Earth systems.	HS-ESS3-5
9-12	Earth and Space Sciences	Weather and Climate	Use a model to describe how variations in the flow of energy into and out of Earth's systems result in changes in climate.	HS-ESS2-4
9-12	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem.	HS-ETS1-4
9-12	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs that account for a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, as well as possible social, cultural, and environmental impacts.	HS-ETS1-3

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9-12	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.	HS-ETS1-2
9-12	Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Sciences	Engineering Design	Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal needs and wants.	HS-ETS1-1
9-12	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits	Apply concepts of statistics and probability to explain the variation and distribution of expressed traits in a population.	HS-LS3-3
9-12	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits	Make and defend a claim based on evidence that inheritable genetic variations may result from: (1) new genetic combinations through meiosis, (2) viable errors occurring during replication, and/or (3) mutations caused by environmental factors.	HS-LS3-2
9-12	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits	Ask questions to clarify relationships about the role of DNA and chromosomes in coding the instructions for characteristic traits passed from parents to offspring.	HS-LS3-1
9-12	Life Sciences	Inheritance and Variation of Traits	Use a model to illustrate the role of cellular division (mitosis) and differentiation in producing and maintaining complex organisms.	HS-LS1-4
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Create or revise a simulation to test a solution to mitigate adverse impacts of human activity on biodiversity.	HS-LS4-6
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Evaluate the evidence for the role of group behavior on individual and species' chances to survive and reproduce.	HS-LS2-8
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Design, evaluate, and refine a solution for reducing the impacts of human activities on the environment and biodiversity. Examples of human activities can include urbanization, building dams, and dissemination of invasive species.	HS-LS2-7
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning that the complex interactions in ecosystems maintain relatively consistent numbers and types of organisms in stable conditions, but changing conditions may result in a new ecosystem.	HS-LS2-6
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Use mathematical representations to support and revise explanations based on evidence about factors affecting biodiversity and populations in ecosystems of different scales.	HS-LS2-2
9-12	Life Sciences	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems	Use mathematical and/or computational representations to support explanations of factors that affect carrying capacity of ecosystems at different scales.	HS-LS2-1
9-12	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Develop a model to illustrate the role of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in the cycling of carbon among the biosphere, atmosphere, hydrosphere, and geosphere.	HS-LS2-5

Grade	Topic	Outcome (DCI)	Benchmark	Standard ID
9-12	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Use a mathematical representation to support claims for the cycling of matter and flow of energy among organisms in an ecosystem.	HS-LS2-4
9-12	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for the cycling of matter and flow of energy in aerobic and anaerobic conditions.	HS-LS2-3
9-12	Life Sciences	Organisms and	Use a model to illustrate that cellular respiration is a chemical process whereby the bonds of food molecules and oxygen molecules are broken and the bonds in new compounds are formed resulting in a net transfer of energy.	HS-LS1-7
9-12	Life Sciences	Organisms and	Construct and revise an explanation based on evidence for how carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen from sugar molecules may combine with other elements to form amino acids and/or other large carbon-based molecules.	HS-LS1-6
9-12	Life Sciences	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems	Use a model to illustrate how photosynthesis transforms light energy into stored chemical energy.	HS-LS1-5
9-12	Life Sciences		Evaluate the evidence supporting claims that changes in environmental conditions may result in: (1) increases in the number of individuals of some species, (2) the emergence of new species over time, and (3) the extinction of other species.	HS-LS4-5
9-12	Life Sciences	Natural Selection and Evolution	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how natural selection leads to adaptation of populations.	HS-LS4-4
9-12	Life Sciences		Apply concepts of statistics and probability to support explanations that organisms with an advantageous heritable trait tend to increase in proportion to organisms lacking this trait.	HS-LS4-3
9-12	Life Sciences		Construct an explanation based on evidence that the process of evolution primarily results from four factors: (1) the potential for a species to increase in number, (2) the heritable genetic variation of individuals in a species due to mutation and sexual reproduction, (3) competition for limited resources, and (4) the proliferation of those organisms that are better able to survive and reproduce in the environment.	HS-LS4-2
9-12	Life Sciences		Communicate scientific information that common ancestry and biological evolution are supported by multiple lines of empirical evidence.	HS-LS4-1
9-12	Life Sciences	Structure and Function	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.	HS-LS1-3
9-12	Life Sciences	Structure and Function	Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.	HS-LS1-2
9-12	Life Sciences	Structure and Function	Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.	HS-LS1-1
9-12	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Use mathematical representations to support the claim that atoms, and therefore mass, are conserved during a chemical reaction.	HS-PS1-7
9-12	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Refine the design of a chemical system by specifying a change in conditions that would produce increased amounts of products at equilibrium.	HS-PS1-6

Grade	Topic	Outcome (DCI)	Benchmark	Standard ID
9-12	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Apply scientific principles and evidence to provide an explanation about the effects of changing the temperature or concentration of the reacting particles on the rate at which a reaction occurs.	HS-PS1-5
9-12	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Develop a model to illustrate that the release or absorption of energy from a chemical reaction system depends upon the changes in total bond energy.	HS-PS1-4
9-12	Physical Sciences	Chemical Reactions	Construct and revise an explanation for the outcome of a simple chemical reaction based on the outermost electron states of atoms, trends in the periodic table, and knowledge of the patterns of chemical properties.	HS-PS1-2
9-12	Physical Sciences	Energy	Develop and use a model of two objects interacting through electric or magnetic fields to illustrate the forces between objects and the changes in energy of the objects due to the interaction.	HS-PS3-5
9-12	Physical Sciences	Energy	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that the transfer of thermal energy when two components of different temperature are combined within a closed system results in a more uniform energy distribution among the components in the system (second law of thermodynamics).	HS-PS3-4
9-12	Physical Sciences	Energy	Design, build, and refine a device that works within given constraints to convert one form of energy into another form of energy.	HS-PS3-3
9-12	Physical Sciences	Energy	Develop and use models to illustrate that energy at the macroscopic scale can be accounted for as a combination of energy associated with the motions of particles (objects) and energy associated with the relative position of particles (objects).	HS-PS3-2
9-12	Physical Sciences	Energy	Create a computational model to calculate the change in the energy of one component in a system when the change in energy of the other component(s) and energy flows in and out of the system are known.	HS-PS3-1
9-12	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that an electric current can produce a magnetic field and that a changing magnetic field can produce an electric current.	HS-PS2-5
9-12	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Use mathematical representations of Newton's Law of Gravitation and Coulomb's Law to describe and predict the gravitational and electrostatic forces between objects.	HS-PS2-4
9-12	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Apply scientific and engineering ideas to design, evaluate, and refine a device that minimizes the force on a macroscopic object during a collision.	HS-PS2-3
9-12	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Use mathematical representations to support the claim that the total momentum of a system of objects is conserved when there is no net force on the system.	HS-PS2-2
9-12	Physical Sciences	Forces and Interactions	Analyze data to support the claim that Newton's second law of motion describes the mathematical relationship among the net force on a macroscopic object, its mass, and its acceleration.	HS-PS2-1
9-12	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Communicate scientific and technical information about why the molecular-level structure is important in the functioning of designed materials.	HS-PS2-6
9-12	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Develop models to illustrate the changes in the composition of the nucleus of the atom and the energy released during the processes of fission, fusion, and radioactive decay.	HS-PS1-8
9-12	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Plan and conduct an investigation to gather evidence to compare the structure of substances at the bulk scale to infer the strength of electrical forces between particles.	HS-PS1-3
9-12	Physical Sciences	Structure and Properties of Matter	Use the periodic table as a model to predict the relative properties of elements based on the patterns of electrons in the outermost energy level of atoms.	HS-PS1-1

Grade	Topic	Outcome (DCI)	Benchmark	Standard ID
9-12	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Communicate technical information about how some technological devices use the principles of wave behavior and wave interactions with matter to transmit and capture information and energy.	HS-PS4-5
9-12	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Evaluate the validity and reliability of claims in published materials of the effects that different frequencies of electromagnetic radiation have when absorbed by matter.	HS-PS4-4
9-12	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning behind the idea that electromagnetic radiation can be described either by a wave model or a particle model, and that for some situations one model is more useful than the other.	HS-PS4-3
9-12	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Evaluate questions about the advantages of using a digital transmission and storage of information.	HS-PS4-2
9-12	Physical Sciences	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation	Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength, and speed of waves traveling in various media.	HS-PS4-1